

Sample Entrance Test for (BMus Degree)

Analysis section (20% of the available marks)

Study the following short piece for piano and answer the questions below.

 i) Name the key this piece is written in: ii) Using a key signature, write the major scale of this key (in the bass clef, ascending semibreves, or octave) in the space below. 							
-6) :						
	iv) Using accid	relative minor of the key above: dentals, write the harmonic scale of the relative minor (treble clef, ascending semibreves, one space below. Do not use a key signature in this case.					
	2						
4							
2.	Identify the ca i) ii) iii)	Bars 3-4: Bars 19-20:					
3.		Identify the intervals (e.g. Perfect 4^{th} , Major 3^{rd} , etc.) between the notes coloured red of the <u>Right Hand</u> part in the following bars:					
	i)	Bar 3 interval =					
	ii)	Bar 8 interval =					
	iii)	Bar 14 interval =					
4.	Identify the intervals (e.g. Perfect 4 th , Major 3 rd , etc.) between the notes coloured red of the <u>Left Hand</u> part						
	in the following bars:						
	i)	Bar 7 interval =					
	ii)	Bar 13 interval =					
	iii)	Bar 19 interval =					

5. Using Roman Numerals or chord symbols (but not both) label the chords in bars 1-6 on the score printed below. Please indicate the inversions e.g., lb, Vc, (or G/B, D/A) etc.



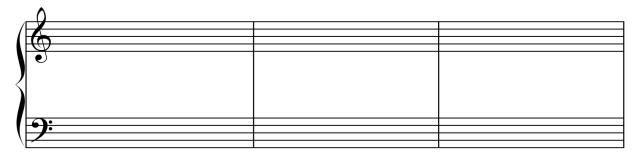
6. Identify a dominant seventh chord anywhere in this piece.

Bar: _____ Beat: ____

7. Bars 13-16 have been transposed down a tone on the score printed below. There are five errors of pitch,



8. Transpose bars 7-9 **up a tone** including the new key signature.





Aural Perception (15% of available marks)

Solutions at end of paper

Listen to the extract played for you and answer the following questions. The extract will be played **three times**, and a pause will follow to give you time to write your answers.

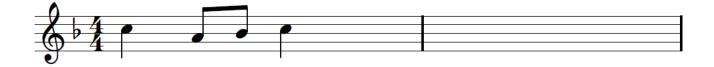
(Watching the Wheat by Harry Mortimer)									
(a) V	Vhat type of ensemble is featured here?								
(b) L	ist the instruments you hear in this extract?								
(c) A	After a short introduction, an arrangement of a folk tune is heard played in full by which instrument								
(d) S	d) Suggest a time signature and tempo marking for this piece.								
	e signature: po marking:								
(e) V	What musical device is featured in this melody? (Choose from the list below) inversion sequence diminution augmentation ornamentation								
(f) Wo	ould you describe this performance as metrical or expressive?								
(g) H	low does the arranger vary the tune when it is repeated?								
(h) V	Which features do not change with each repetition?								

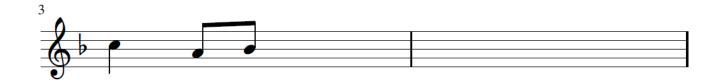
Melodic Dictation: (20% of the available marks)

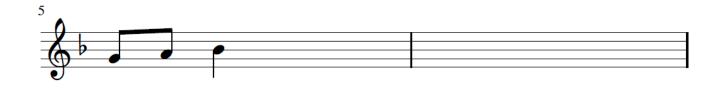
Complete the following eight bar melody, which is in the form AA1BA2. It will be played 5 times.

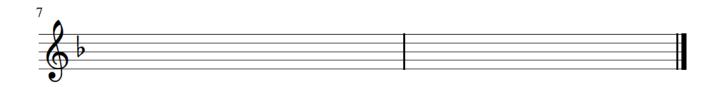
The tonic note and chord will be played each time.

The key signature, time signature and some of the notes are provided.









Solution: Dictation







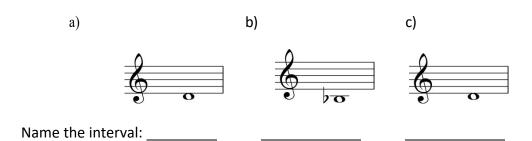


Aural Tests - 5% of the available marks

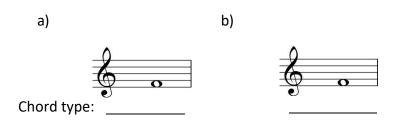
Solutions at end of paper

Intervals

1. Notate the following intervals by adding another note to the given note:



2. Notate and name the following **chords** as Major, minor, diminished or augmented

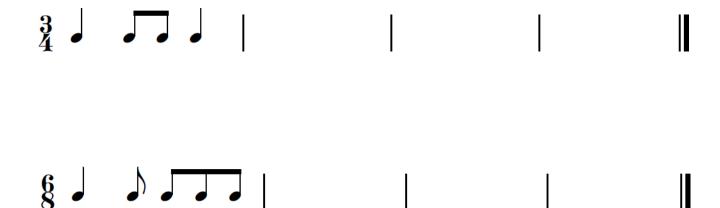


3. Listen to the following **cadence**. Circle as appropriate

Perfect Imperfect Plagal Interrupted

Rhythmic Dictation: (10% of the available marks)

Complete these two short rhythmic dictations. Each will be played 3 times.



Solution:



Harmony (30% of the available marks)

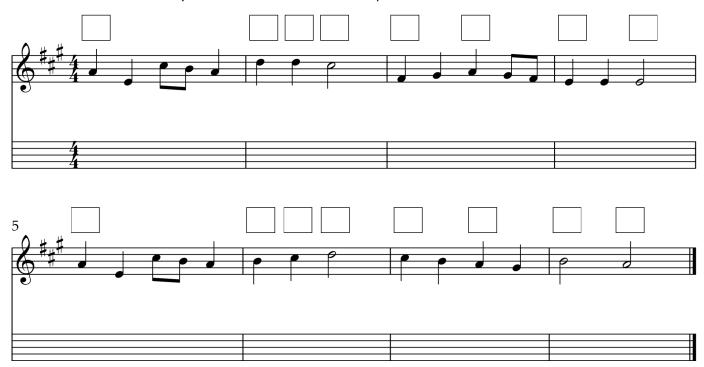
Complete two questions: Musical Example 1 and one other.

If you wish to attempt more than one of the following examples, please indicate which one you are submitting for marking by writing the number of the question below:

Question:	
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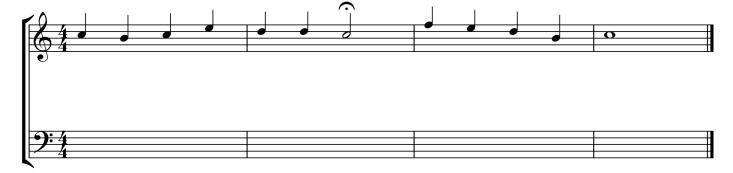
Musical Example 1

- 1. Provide chords for the following melody by filling in the boxes using roman numerals (I, ii7b, etc.) or letter names (A, Bm7/D etc.). You do <u>not</u> need to change chord in each box. If you wish to keep the chord form the previous box, simply leave the box blank.
- 2. Write a harmony line underneath using either the treble or bass clef (don't forget to add your chosen clef!). You do not necessarily need more than one bass note per bar.



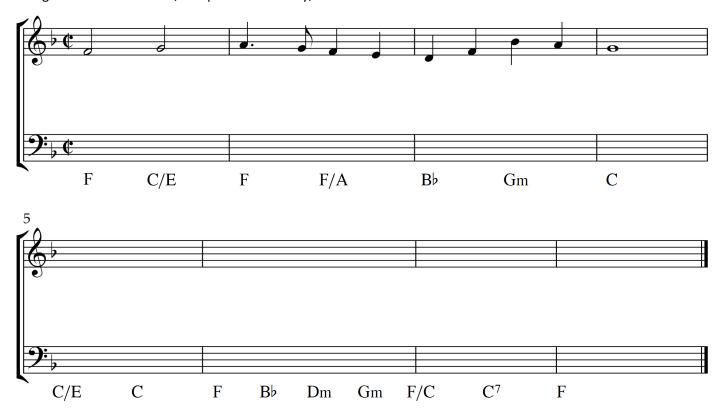
Musical Example 2

Complete this extract for SATB.



Musical Example 3

Using the chords indicated, complete the melody, and add bass notes.



Musical Example 4

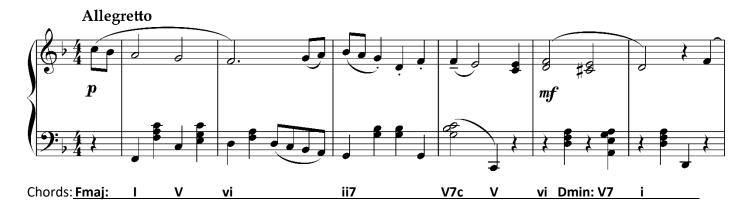
Study the following piece and continue the descant in the given style. Inserts suitable chord indications using either chord symbols or roman numerals.



Solution: Analysis section

1.	ii) Using a key	key this piece is written y signature, write the m e space below.		-	e bass clef, a	, ascending semibreves, one		
O :							•	
J	0	0 0	0	0	О	O		
	iv) Using acci	relative minor of the ke dentals, write the harm e space below. Do not u	onic scale of	the relative r		 clef, ascendin	g semibreves, one	
6	0	0 0	0	O	90	‡o	0	
3.	ii) Bars 3-4: Imperfect iii) Bars 19-20: Perfect Identify the intervals (e.g. Perfect 4 th , Major 3 rd , etc.) between the notes coloured red of the Right Hand part in the following bars:							
		Bar 3 interval =	Perfect 4	th				
	ii)	Bar 8 interval =						
	iii)	Bar 14 interval =						
4.	Identify the in the followin the followin in the followin in the followin in the following the follo	ntervals (e.g. Perfect 4 th ng bars: Bar 7 interval = Bar 13 interval =	Major 6th	1		oured red of	the Left Hand part	
	iii)	Bar 19 interval =						
	1117	Dai 13 interval –	1 2/1222 0					

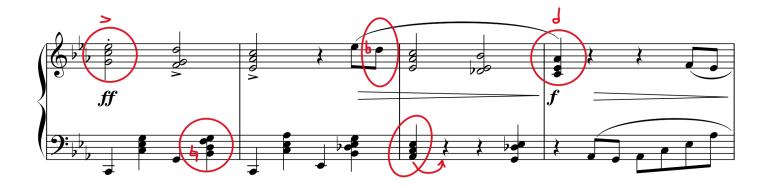
5. Using Roman Numerals or chord symbols (but not both) label the chords in bars 1-6 on the score printed below. Please indicate the inversions e.g., Ib, Vc, (or G/B, D/A) etc.



6. Identify a dominant seventh chord anywhere in this piece.

Bar: <u>19</u> Beat: <u>4</u>

7. Bars 13-16 have been transposed **down a tone** on the score printed below. There are **five** errors of pitch, rhythm, or articulation. Identify these errors by circling them and inserting the correction.



8. Transpose bars 7-9 **up a tone** including the new key signature.





Solution: Aural Perception

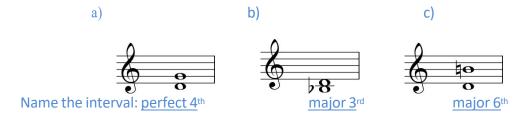
Extract Geehl: Watching the Wheat (arrangement)

- (a) Brass Band
- (b) Trumpet, Euphonium, Horn, Trombone, Tuba, Snare Drum
- (c) Euphonium
- (d) ¾, Andante
- (e) Sequence
- (f) Expressive
- (g) Key change, variation of tune and rhythm, swapping tune between instruments, change in harmony, addition of a descant
- (h) The beginning and end of the tune remains with the Euphonium and the harmony is mostly unchanged

Solution: Aural Tests

Intervals

1. Notate the following intervals by adding another note to the given note:



2. Notate and name the following chords as Major, minor, diminished or augmented



3. Listen to the following cadence. Circle as appropriate

